# Polson, Montana Water Resource Recovery Facility



Application:	Aerobic Sludge Digestion
Design Flow (ADF):	0.47 MGD
Mixing Efficiency:	≈ 0.15 HP/1000 FT <sup>3</sup>
Compressor:	One (1) 20 HP Rotary Screw
Blowers:	Three (3) 40 HP Tri-Lobe
Design Engineer:	DOWL



BioMix Compressed Gas Mixing nozzle headers integrated with coarse bubble aeration system

## BioCycle-D<sup>™</sup> Aerobic Digestion Process Selected for Water Resource Recovery Facility Upgrade

In 2018, the City of Polson contracted with DOWL to design a new water resource recovery facility, replacing the city's lagoon-based treatment system that had been constructed in the 1950s.

The new facility was designed to serve a population of approximately 5,500 with future expansion potential to serve more than 9,000. The new design included treatment processes that result in total nitrogen effluent limits of 8 mg/l and total phosphorus of 0.8 mg/l.

DOWL evaluated numerous treatment solutions and selected a sequencing batch reactor process to provide nitrogen and phosphorus removal. EnviroMix's BioCycle-D™ Aerobic Digestion Process was selected as an integral part of the design to treat the sequencing batch reactors (SBR) waste sludge.

Selection criteria for EnviroMix's system included both energy efficiency — which was approximately 50% of the energy of a conventional aerated digester alternative — and improved sludge digestion process control so as to minimize phosphorus return in the digester supernatant.



#### ENERGY EFFICIENCY

50% power savings versus traditional diffused air or jet aeration mixing systems



## STRAIGHTFORWARD OPERATION

Automatically adjusts cycle operation based on loading conditions

Minimal, localized maintenance



## PROCESS OPTIMIZATION

Precise process control improves volatile solids destruction and sludge dewaterability

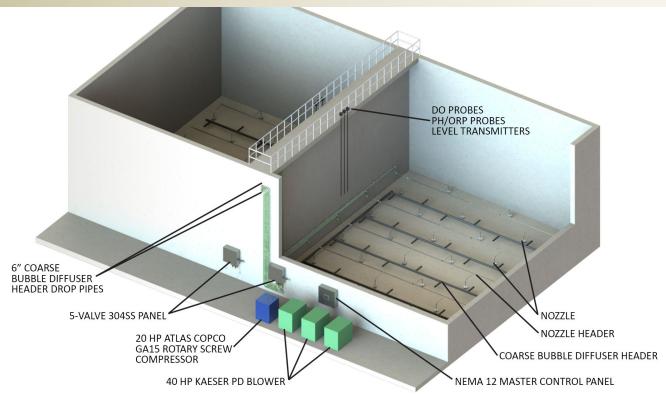


## UNPARALLELED FLEXIBILITY

Bottom-up, uniform mixing supplements aeration

Suitable for a wide variety of applications





BioCycle-D
Aerobic Digestion
Process operates
at less than 50%
of the energy of
a conventional
aerated digester
alternative.

A conventional aerobic sludge digestion process that uses diffused aeration for mixing often results in over aeration, which can cause uncontrolled nitrification, depletion of alkalinity, and increased energy consumption. Conversely, BioCycle-D is an energy efficient aerobic sludge digestion process which decouples aeration from mixing and incorporates process feedback through instrumentation to control and maintain the optimum digestion environment.

#### So how does it work?

- During the BioCycle-D aerobic cycle, aeration blowers operate to maintain a user-selected DO concentration.
- The BioMix Compressed Gas Mixing System operates automatically as required during any portion of the operating cycle to provide adequate tank mixing.
- During the **anoxic cycle**, aeration blowers are disabled, and all mixing functionality is provided by the BioMix system.
- During the decant cycle, all aeration and mixing activity stops, sludge settles, and supernatant is returned to the head of the plant for improved secondary treatment performance.

BioCycle-D is designed to be expandable and provide low-cost operation, and it plays an important part in keeping Polson's user fees low.



Contact <u>sales@enviro-mix.com</u> today to discuss the ways EnviroMix can optimize your mixing solutions.